

**Fall 2019, Math 620: Week 4 Problem Set**  
**Due: Thursday, September 26th, 2019**  
**Isomorphism Theorems**

**Discussion problems.** The problems below should be worked on in class.

- (D1) *The third isomorphism theorem.* The goal of this problem is to prove the following theorem.  
Tip: due to the large number of quotients in this problem, avoid using “bars” (e.g.,  $\bar{a}$ ).

**Theorem.** *If  $G$  is a group and  $K, H \triangleleft G$  with  $K \subset H$ , then  $(G/K)/(H/K) \cong G/H$ .*

- (a) Let  $G = \mathbb{Z}_{24}$ ,  $H = \{[3k]_{24} : k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ , and  $K = \{[12k]_{24} : k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ . Verify the above theorem holds in this case.
  - (b) First, we must identify a subgroup  $H' \subset G/K$  that corresponds to  $H/K$  in the “large” quotient above. Identify a “natural” candidate for  $H'$ , and prove it is normal subgroup.
  - (c) Propose a map  $\varphi : (G/K)/H' \rightarrow G/H$  to serve as a starting place for the isomorphism. Why is your map a natural choice?
  - (d) Prove your map  $\varphi$  is well defined.
  - (e) Prove your map  $\varphi$  is a bijection.
  - (f) Complete the proof by verifying  $\varphi$  is a homomorphism.
  - (g) Can the above proof be shortened using the first isomorphism theorem? In particular, can we define a homomorphism  $\phi : G/K \rightarrow G/H$  whose kernel equals  $H'$ ?
- (D2) *Subgroup correspondence.* The goal of this problem is to discover the “correspondence theorem” for subgroups of quotient groups.
- (a) Find all subgroups of  $\mathbb{Z}_{72}$ , organized by containment. Do the same for  $\mathbb{Z}_{24}$ .
  - (b) The quotient of  $\mathbb{Z}_{72}$  by which subgroup is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_{24}$ ? Do you notice any relationship between the arrangement of subgroups of  $\mathbb{Z}_{24}$  and some subgroups of  $\mathbb{Z}_{72}$ ?
  - (c) Fix a group  $G$  and a normal subgroup  $H \triangleleft G$ . Formulate a conjecture specifying a bijection between the subgroups of  $G/H$  and certain subgroups of  $G$ . Use the map  $G \rightarrow G/H$  to specify the bijection.
  - (d) Prove your conjecture.
  - (e) Find all subgroups of the group  $D_4$ . Use your list to determine how many subgroups the quotient group  $D_4/\{e, r^2\}$  has.
- (D3) *Prove or disprove.* Determine whether each of the following statements is true or false.
- (a) If  $G$  is a group and  $H, K \triangleleft G$  with  $H \cap K = \{e\}$ , then  $G \cong G/H \times G/K$ .
  - (b) The only element of  $\mathbb{R}/\mathbb{Z}$  with finite order is the identity.

**Homework problems.** You must submit *all* homework problems in order to receive full credit.

- (H1) Suppose  $G$  is a group. Given  $a \in G$ , define  $f_a : G \rightarrow G$  by  $f_a(x) = aba^{-1}$ .
- (a) Prove  $f_a$  is an automorphism (these are known as *inner automorphisms*).
  - (b) Let  $G' = \{f_a : a \in G\} \subset \text{Aut}(G)$ . Prove  $G'$  is a normal subgroup of  $\text{Aut}(G)$ .
  - (c) Let  $\varphi : G \rightarrow G'$  denote the map  $a \mapsto f_a$ . Characterize the elements of  $G$  in  $\ker(\varphi)$ .
  - (d) Characterize which groups  $G$  have a unique inner automorphism.
- (H2) The following questions pertain to the correspondence theorem from Problem (D2).
- (a) If a subgroup of  $G/H$  is normal, is its corresponding subgroup of  $G$  normal? What about the converse of this statement?
  - (b) If a subgroup of  $G/H$  is cyclic, is its corresponding subgroup of  $G$  cyclic? What about the converse of this statement?
- (H3) Determine whether each of the following statements is true or false. Prove your assertions.
- (a) If  $G$  is a group and  $H, K \triangleleft G$ , then  $G/(H \cap K) \cong G/H \times G/K$ .
  - (b) If  $G$  is a group and  $H, K \triangleleft G$  with  $K \subset H$ , then  $G/H \times H/K \cong G/K$ .
  - (c) If  $G$  is a group and  $H, K \triangleleft G$  with  $H \cap K = \{e\}$  and  $HK = G$ , then  $G \cong G/H \times G/K$ .

**Challenge problems.** Challenge problems are not required for submission, but bonus points will be awarded for submitting a partial attempt or a complete solution.

- (C1) Given a finite Abelian group  $G$ , find a formula for  $|\text{Aut}(G)|$ .