## Fall 2019, Math 620: Week 12 Problem Set Due: Tuesday, December 10th, 2019 Categories and Universal Properties

Discussion problems. The problems below should be completed in class.

- (D1) Kernels. Recall that the kernel of a morphism  $f : A \to B$  in a category C is an object K together with a morphism  $g : K \to A$  such that (i) the composition  $f \circ g = 0$ , and (ii) for any object K' and morphism  $g' : K' \to A$  with  $f \circ g' = 0$ , there exists a unique morphism  $h : K' \to K$  such that  $g \circ h = g'$ .
  - (a) Without looking at your notes, draw the commutative diagram for kernels.
  - (b) Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}_{12}$  denote the group homomorphism given by  $\varphi(a) = [4a]_{12}$ . Prove that  $K = \ker \varphi$  with the inclusion map  $g : K \hookrightarrow \mathbb{Z}$  satisfies the universal property above.
  - (c) Prove that every morphism in the category Ab has a (categorical) kernel that coincides with what we have been calling the "kernel" all semester.
  - (d) Prove that in any category C in which every morphism has a kernel (as defined above), the morphism g must be a monomorphism. Be careful: morphisms might not be "functions" in general!
- (D2) Products. Recall the product  $A \prod B$  of two objects A and B in a category C, defined below.



- (a) Without looking at your notes, write the full definition of  $A \times B$  in words.
- (b) Fix an index set  $\mathcal{I}$  and a collection of objects  $A_i$  for  $i \in \mathcal{I}$  in a category  $\mathcal{C}$ . Give a definition of the *product*  $\prod_{i \in \mathcal{I}} A_i$ . Use both words and a commutative diagram.
- (c) In the category Ab, prove that (categorical) products are simply Cartesian products.
- (D3) *Duals.* Given a universal object (e.g., kernels, products), the *dual* is obtained by reversing the directions of all of the arrows in the accompanying commutative diagram.
  - (a) Write the definition of *coproduct* (the categorical dual of the product) of two objects A and B in a category C. Denote this object by  $A \amalg B$ .
  - (b) In the category Ab, determine what familiar group  $\mathbb{Z} \amalg \mathbb{Z}_6$  is.
  - (c) Demonstrate that in the category Ab, finite coproducts are simply finite products.
  - (d) Determine whether  $\coprod_{i=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{Z}$  is isomorphic to  $\prod_{i=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{Z}$  in Ab.
  - (e) Conjecture which familiar objects are coproducts in Ab.
  - (f) Write the definition of *cokernel* (the categorical dual of the kernel) of two objects A and B in a category C.
  - (g) Find the cokernel of the  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module homomorphism  $f: \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}_{12}$  given by f(a) = [4a].
  - (h) Conjecture, in general, what the cokernel of an *R*-module homomorphism is.

Homework problems. You must submit *all* homework problems in order to receive full credit.

- (H1) Given a category C and a morphism  $f : A \to B$ , the *image* of f (if it exists) is an object I together with a monomorphism  $m : I \to B$  such that
  - there exists a map  $e: A \to I$  such that  $m \circ e = f$ ; and
  - the following universal property is satisfied: for any object I', morphism  $e' : A \to I'$ , and monomorphism  $m' : I' \to B$  satisfying the above requirements, there exists a unique morphism  $v : I \to I'$  such that the following diagram commutes.



Prove that for any ring R in Slt, the category R-Mod has images.

- (H2) Determine whether each of the following statements is true or false. Prove your assertions.
  - (a) The category Slt has both (arbitrary) products and (arbitrary) coproducts.
  - (b) The category Slt has kernels.