

**Winter 2017, Math 148: Week 3 Problem Set**  
**Due: Wednesday, February 1st, 2017**  
**Polynomials and Finite Fields**

**Discussion problems.** The problems below should be completed in class.

(D1) *The polynomial ring  $\mathbb{Z}_n[x]$ .*

- (a) Which elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$  are units? For which  $n$  does this hold?
- (b) Can you find a unit in  $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$  with positive degree?
- (c) For which  $n$  does  $\mathbb{Z}_n[x]$  have zero-divisors?
- (d) Is it possible to bound the degrees zero-divisors can have in  $\mathbb{Z}_6[x]$ ? How about  $\mathbb{Z}_n[x]$ ?
- (e) Which elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$  are zero-divisors?
- (f) Find the common divisor of  $2x$  and  $4x$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_6$  of highest degree.

(D2) *Factoring polynomials over  $\mathbb{Z}_n$ .*

- (a) Factor  $x^3 + 3x + 1$  and  $x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 4$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_5$  as a product of irreducibles.
- (b) Factor  $x^4 + 4$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ . Does it factor over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ?
- (c) Factor  $x^5 + 2$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ . Does it factor over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ?
- (d) Find all roots of  $3x + 3 = 0$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ . Why is this surprising?
- (e) Find a linear polynomial over  $\mathbb{Z}_6$  with no solutions.
- (f) Consider the polynomial  $f(x) = x^2 - x = (x)(x - 1)$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ . Find all roots of  $f(x)$  and the roots of its factors  $x$  and  $x - 1$ . What do you notice?
- (g) Find all factorizations of  $f(x) = x^2 - x$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_6$ .

(D3) *Finite fields.* The goal of this problem is to systematically build “small” finite fields.

- (a) Suppose  $F_3 = \{0, 1, a\}$  is a field with exactly 3 elements. Fill in as much of the addition and multiplication table as you can using only the field axioms.
- (b) How many entries in your answer to part (a) remain? Which field(s) can  $F_3$  be?
- (c) Do the same for a field  $F_4 = \{0, 1, a, b\}$  with exactly 4 elements.
- (d) What is the characteristic of  $F_4$ ? What familiar additive group did you obtain? With this in mind, is the multiplication structure what you expected it to be?
- (e) Suppose  $F_6$  is a field with exactly 6 elements. Can  $F_6$  have characteristic 6?
- (f) It turns out that the characteristic of a finite ring must divide the size of the ring. With this in mind, for each possible characteristic of  $F_6$ , try writing out the addition and multiplication tables. When are you able to fill both tables?
- (g) What can you conclude about  $F_6$ ?
- (h) Fill in the addition and multiplication tables for a field  $F_5 = \{0, 1, a, b, c\}$  with exactly 5 elements (this is tricky, but a fun challenge!). What ring(s) do you get?

**Required problems.** As the name suggests, you must submit *all* required problem with this homework set in order to receive full credit.

- (R1) Consider the polynomials  $f(x) = x^5 + 3x^4 - 7x^3 + 5x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 2x^2 + x + 5$ . Divide  $f(x)$  by  $g(x)$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ . Do the same over  $\mathbb{Z}_{11}$ . What does this tell you about whether or not  $f(x)$  is reducible over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ?
- (R2) Find the greatest common divisor of  $f(x) = x^6 + x^4 + x^2$  and  $g(x) = x^4 + x^3 + x$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ . Would your answer be different over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ?
- (R3) Factor  $f(x) = x^5 + 4x^4 + 8x^3 + 11x$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Hint: first try to factor  $f(x)$  over some small finite fields, like  $\mathbb{Z}_3$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_5$ .
- (R4) Prove that a finite field must have prime characteristic. You may *not* use the fundamental theorem of finite fields.

**Selection problems.** You are required to submit all parts of *one* selection problem with this problem set. You may submit additional selection problems if you wish, but please indicate what you want graded. Although I am happy to provide written feedback on all submitted work, no extra credit will be awarded for completing additional selection problems.

- (S1) Consider the set  $R = \{a_n x^n + \cdots + a_1 x + a_0 \in \mathbb{R}[x] : a_0 \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  of polynomials over  $\mathbb{R}$  with integer constant term.
- (a) Show that  $R$  is a ring under the usual addition and multiplication of polynomials.
- (b) Show that some elements of  $R$  cannot be factored into a finite product of irreducibles. Hint: consider the element  $f(x) = x$ .
- (S2) Consider the set  $R = \{a_n x^n + \cdots + a_1 x + a_0 \in \mathbb{R}[x] : a_1 = 0\}$  of polynomials over  $\mathbb{R}$  with no linear term.
- (a) Show that  $R$  is a ring under the usual addition and multiplication of polynomials.
- (b) Show that there are elements of  $R$  that can be factored in more than one distinct way. Hint: consider the element  $f(x) = x^6$ .

**Challenge problems.** Challenge problems are not required for submission, but bonus points will be awarded for submitting a partial attempt or a complete solution.

- (C1) Prove that any finite ring with no zero-divisors is a field.